118TH CONGRESS	$\mathbf{C}$	
2D Session		
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To create an Office of Cybersecurity at the Federal Trade Commission for supervision of data security at consumer reporting agencies, to require the promulgation of regulations establishing standards for effective cybersecurity at consumer reporting agencies, to impose penalties on credit reporting agencies for cybersecurity breaches that put sensitive consumer data at risk, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms.	WARREN	introduced	the foll	owing	bill;	which	was	read	${\rm twice}$	and	referr	ed
		to the Co	mmitte	e on _								

## A BILL

To create an Office of Cybersecurity at the Federal Trade Commission for supervision of data security at consumer reporting agencies, to require the promulgation of regulations establishing standards for effective cybersecurity at consumer reporting agencies, to impose penalties on credit reporting agencies for cybersecurity breaches that put sensitive consumer data at risk, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

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This Act may be cited as the "Data Breach Preven-

3 tion and Compensation Act of 2024".

## 4 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 5 In this Act:
- 6 (1) AFFECTED CONSUMER.—The term "affected consumer" means any individual to whom personally identifying information pertains that was,
- 9 or that may have been, affected by a covered breach.
- 10 (2) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the 11 meaning given the term in section 551 of title 5,
- 12 United States Code.

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- 13 (3) CAREER APPOINTEE.—The term "career appointee" has the meaning given the term in section 3132(a) of title 5, United States Code.
  - (4) Commission.—The term "Commission" means the Federal Trade Commission.
- 18 (5) Consumer Report; Consumer Reporting 19 AGENCY.—The terms "consumer report" and "con-20 sumer reporting agency" have the meanings given 21 the terms in section 603 of the Fair Credit Report-22 ing Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a).
  - (6) COVERED BREACH.—The term "covered breach" means any instance in which not less than 1 piece of personally identifying information held by a covered consumer reporting agency is exposed, or

1	is reasonably likely to have been exposed, to an un-
2	authorized party.
3	(7) Covered consumer reporting agen-
4	CY.—The term "covered consumer reporting agency"
5	means—
6	(A) a consumer reporting agency described
7	in section 603(p) of the Fair Credit Reporting
8	Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(p)); or
9	(B) a consumer reporting agency that
10	earns not less than \$7,000,000 in annual rev-
11	enue from the sale of consumer reports.
12	(8) Detail.—The term "detail" means a tem-
13	porary assignment of an employee to a different po-
14	sition for a specified period, with the employee re-
15	turning to the regular duties of the employee at the
16	end of the specified period.
17	(9) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
18	the Director of the Office.
19	(10) Office.—The term "Office" means the
20	Office of Cybersecurity established under section
21	3(a).
22	(11) Personally identifying informa-
23	TION.—The term "personally identifying informa-
24	tion" means, with respect to an individual—

1	(A) the social security number of the indi-
2	vidual;
3	(B) a driver's license number of the indi-
4	vidual;
5	(C) a passport number of the individual;
6	(D) an alien registration number or other
7	government-issued unique identification number
8	of the individual;
9	(E) unique biometric data, such as a
10	faceprint, a fingerprint, a voice print, an iris
11	image, or any other unique physical representa-
12	tion of the individual;
13	(F) the first and last name of the indi-
14	vidual, or the first initial of the first name and
15	the last name of the individual, in combination
16	with any information that relates to—
17	(i) the past, present, or future phys-
18	ical or mental health or condition of the in-
19	dividual; or
20	(ii) the provision of health care to, or
21	a diagnosis of, the individual;
22	(G)(i) a financial account number, debit
23	card number, or credit card number of the indi-
24	vidual; or

1	(ii) any passcode required to access an ac-
2	count described in clause (i); and
3	(H) such additional information, as deter-
4	mined by the Director.
5	SEC. 3. CYBERSECURITY STANDARDS AND FTC AUTHORITY.
6	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
7	Commission an Office of Cybersecurity, which shall be
8	headed by a Director, who shall be a career appointee.
9	(b) Duties.—The Office—
10	(1) shall—
11	(A) supervise covered consumer reporting
12	agencies with respect to data security;
13	(B) promulgate regulations, through notice
14	and comment rulemaking that complies with
15	section 553 of title 5, United States Code, for
16	effective data security for covered consumer re-
17	porting agencies, including requirements for a
18	covered consumer reporting agency to—
19	(i) provide the Commission with de-
20	scriptions of technical and organizational
21	security measures of the consumer report-
22	ing agency, including—
23	(I) system and network security
24	measures, including—

1	(aa) asset management, in-
2	cluding—
3	(AA) an inventory of
4	devices of the covered con-
5	sumer reporting agency that
6	are authorized to access
7	data maintained by the cov-
8	ered consumer reporting
9	agency;
10	(BB) an inventory of
11	software that is authorized
12	by the covered consumer re-
13	porting agency to access
14	data maintained by the cov-
15	ered consumer reporting
16	agency, including application
17	whitelisting; and
18	(CC) secure configura-
19	tions for hardware and soft-
20	ware of the covered con-
21	sumer reporting agency;
22	(bb) network management
23	and monitoring, including—

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1	(AA) mapped data
2	flows, including functional
3	mission mapping;
4	(BB) maintenance,
5	monitoring, and analysis of
6	audit logs;
7	(CC) network seg-
8	mentation; and
9	(DD) local and remote
10	access privileges, defined
11	and managed; and
12	(cc) application manage-
13	ment, including—
14	(AA) continuous vulner-
15	ability assessment and reme-
16	diation;
17	(BB) server application
18	hardening;
19	(CC) vulnerability han-
20	dling, such as coordinated
21	vulnerability disclosure pol-
22	icy; and
23	(DD) patch manage-
24	ment, including at, or near,
25	real-time dashboards of

1	patch implementation across
2	network hosts; and
3	(II) data security measures, in-
4	cluding—
5	(aa) data-centric security
6	mechanisms such as format-pre-
7	serving encryption, cryptographic
8	data-splitting, and data-tagging
9	and lineage;
10	(bb) encryption for data at
11	$\operatorname{rest};$
12	(cc) encryption for data in
13	transit;
14	(dd) systemwide data mini-
15	mization evaluations and policies
16	and
17	(ee) data recovery capability
18	(ii) employ reasonable technical meas-
19	ures and corporate governance processes
20	for continuous monitoring of data, intru-
21	sion detection, and continuous evaluation
22	and timely patching of vulnerabilities;
23	(iii) employ reasonable technical meas-
24	ures and corporate governance processes
25	that satisfy and exceed all relevant data se-

1	curity policy recommendations contained in
2	the framework of the National Institute of
3	Standards and Technology entitled
4	"Framework for Improving Critical Infra-
5	structure Cybersecurity", dated February
6	12, 2014, or any successor thereto, as de-
7	termined appropriate by the Office; and
8	(iv) create and maintain documenta-
9	tion demonstrating that the covered con-
10	sumer reporting agency is employing the
11	technical measures and corporate govern-
12	ance processes described in clauses (ii) and
13	(iii);
14	(C) annually examine the data security
15	measures of covered consumer reporting agen-
16	cies for compliance with the requirements de-
17	scribed in clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph
18	(B);
19	(D) investigate any covered consumer re-
20	porting agency if the Office has reason to sus-
21	pect—
22	(i) a covered breach has occurred and
23	the covered consumer reporting agency was
24	subject to the covered breach; or

1	(ii) the covered consumer reporting
2	agency is not in compliance with the re-
3	quirements described in clauses (ii) and
4	(iii) of subparagraph (B);
5	(E) after consultation with members of the
6	technical and academic communities, develop a
7	rigorous, repeatable methodology—
8	(i) for evaluating, testing, and meas-
9	uring effective data security practices of
10	covered consumer reporting agencies; and
11	(ii) that employs forms of static and
12	dynamic software analysis and penetration
13	testing;
14	(F) submit to Congress an annual report
15	on the findings of each investigation carried out
16	under subparagraph (D) during the year cov-
17	ered by the report that includes a statement of
18	how Congress could enhance the authorities of
19	the Office in order to assist the Office in car-
20	rying out the duties of the Office under this
21	Act;
22	(G) determine whether covered consumer
23	reporting agencies are complying with the re-
24	quirements described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of
25	subparagraph (B); and

1	(H) coordinate with the National Institute
2	of Standards and Technology and the Nationa
3	Cybersecurity and Communications Integration
4	Center of the Department of Homeland Secu-
5	rity; and
6	(2) may—
7	(A) investigate any covered breach to de-
8	termine if the covered consumer reporting agen-
9	cy that was subject to the covered breach was
10	in compliance with the requirements described
11	in clauses (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (1)(B) as
12	of the date on which the covered breach oc
13	curred; and
14	(B) if the Director has reason to believe
15	that any covered consumer reporting agency is
16	violating, or in the immediate future will vio-
17	late, a requirement described in clause (ii) or
18	(iii) of paragraph (1), bring a suit in an appro-
19	priate district court of the United States to en-
20	join any such act or practice.
21	(c) Staff.—
22	(1) In general.—The Director shall, without
23	regard to the civil service laws and regulations, ap-
24	point such personnel, including computer security re-
25	searchers and practitioners with technical expertise

1	in computer science, engineering, and cybersecurity,
2	as the Director determines are necessary to carry
3	out the duties of the Office.
4	(2) Details.—
5	(A) In general.—An employee of the Na-
6	tional Institute of Standards and Technology,
7	the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection,
8	or the National Cybersecurity and Communica-
9	tions Integration Center of the Department of
10	Homeland Security may be detailed to the Of-
11	fice, without reimbursement.
12	(B) CIVIL SERVICE STATUS AND PRIVI-
13	LEGE.—Detail under subparagraph (A) shall be
14	without interruption or loss of the civil service
15	status or privilege of the employee who is de-
16	tailed to the Office.
17	SEC. 4. NOTIFICATION AND ENFORCEMENT.
18	(a) Notification.—
19	(1) Notification to the commission and
20	RELEVANT FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND IN-
21	TELLIGENCE AGENCIES.—
22	(A) Notification to the commission.—
23	Except as provided in paragraph (3), not later
24	than 10 days after the date on which a covered
25	breach occurs, any covered consumer reporting

1	agency that was subject to the covered breach
2	shall notify the Commission of the covered
3	breach.
4	(B) NOTIFICATION TO RELEVANT FED-
5	ERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND INTELLIGENCE
6	AGENCIES.—Not later than 10 days after the
7	date on which the Commission receives a notifi-
8	cation under subparagraph (A) that a covered
9	breach has occurred, the Commission shall—
10	(i) notify the relevant Federal law en-
11	forcement agencies and intelligence agen-
12	cies that the covered breach has occurred
13	and
14	(ii) with respect to the covered breach,
15	consult with the relevant Federal law en-
16	forcement agencies and intelligence agen-
17	cies, as appropriate.
18	(2) Notification to affected consumers
19	AND THE PUBLIC.—
20	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
21	paragraph (3), on an expeditious and practical
22	timeline, as determined appropriate by the
23	Commission, a covered consumer reporting
24	agency that is subject to a covered breach
25	shall—

1	(i) submit to each affected consumer
2	with respect to whom the covered con-
3	sumer reporting agency holds a piece of
4	personally identifying information a notifi-
5	cation regarding the covered breach that
6	complies with subparagraph (B); and
7	(ii) publish on the internet website of
8	the covered consumer reporting agency a
9	notice that contains a statement of—
10	(I) the information described in
11	clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph
12	(B) and subclauses (I) and (II) of
13	clause (iii) of that subparagraph; and
14	(II) the steps that the covered
15	consumer reporting agency is taking
16	to notify the affected consumers de-
17	scribed in clause (i) regarding the cov-
18	ered breach.
19	(B) NOTIFICATION TO AFFECTED CON-
20	SUMERS.—In a notification to affected con-
21	sumers under subparagraph (A)(i), the covered
22	consumer reporting agency submitting the noti-
23	fication shall include a statement of—
24	(i) the fact that the covered breach
25	occurred;

1	(11) the approximate date on which the
2	covered breach occurred; and
3	(iii) with respect to the covered
4	breach—
5	(I) the number of affected con-
6	sumers;
7	(II) the measures that the cov-
8	ered consumer reporting agency is
9	taking to remedy the covered breach
10	and
11	(III) the potential risks created
12	by the covered breach, a list of which
13	the covered consumer reporting agen-
14	cy shall develop in consultation with
15	the Office.
16	(3) Delay of notification authorized for
17	LAW ENFORCEMENT OR NATIONAL SECURITY PUR-
18	POSES.—
19	(A) NOTIFICATION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT
20	AGENCY OR INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—If a Fed-
21	eral law enforcement agency or intelligence
22	agency to which the Commission has provided
23	notice under paragraph (1)(B)(i) determines
24	that the notification required under paragraph

1	(2) may impede a criminal investigation or na-
2	tional security activity—
3	(i) the Federal law enforcement agen-
4	cy or intelligence agency shall provide writ-
5	ten notice to the Commission and the cov-
6	ered consumer reporting agency that was
7	subject to the covered breach that is the
8	subject of the notification that states—
9	(I) that the notification required
10	under paragraph (2) shall be delayed
11	for law enforcement or national secu-
12	rity purposes; and
13	(II) the date on which the delay
14	imposed under subclause (I) shall end
15	and
16	(ii) subject to subparagraph (B), the
17	covered consumer reporting agency that
18	was subject to the covered breach shall
19	delay notification under paragraph (2)
20	until the date described in clause $(i)(II)$ of
21	this subparagraph.
22	(B) EXTENDED DELAY OF NOTIFICA-
23	TION.—If the notification required under para-
24	graph (2) is delayed under subparagraph (A) of
25	this paragraph, a covered consumer reporting

1	agency that is required to provide notice under
2	paragraph (2) shall provide that notice on an
3	expeditious and practical timeline, as deter-
4	mined appropriate by the Commission, after the
5	date on which the law enforcement or national
6	security delay under subparagraph (A) of this
7	paragraph ends, unless a Federal law enforce-
8	ment or intelligence agency to which the Com-
9	mission has provided notice under paragraph
10	(1)(B)(i) provides written notification to the
11	Commission and the covered consumer report-
12	ing agency that states—
13	(i) that further delay is necessary
14	and
15	(ii) the date on which the further
16	delay shall end.
17	(C) Law enforcement immunity.—No
18	nonconstitutional cause of action shall lie in any
19	court against any agency for acts relating to
20	the delay of notification under subparagraph
21	(A), or the extended delay of notification under
22	subparagraph (B), for law enforcement or na-
23	tional security purposes.
24	(b) Penalty.—

1	(1) In general.—In the event of a covered
2	breach, the Commission shall, not later than 30 days
3	after the date on which the Commission receives no-
4	tification of the covered breach under subsection
5	(a)(1)(A), commence a civil action to recover a civil
6	penalty in an appropriate district court of the
7	United States against the covered consumer report-
8	ing agency that was subject to the covered breach.
9	(2) Determining penalty amount.—
10	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), in determining the amount
12	of a civil penalty under paragraph (1), the
13	court shall impose a civil penalty on a covered
14	consumer reporting agency of—
15	(i) \$100 for each consumer for whom
16	the first and last name, or the first initial
17	of the first name and last name, and 1
18	other item of personally identifying infor-
19	mation were exposed to an unauthorized
20	party; and
21	(ii) in addition to the penalty imposed
22	under clause (i), an additional \$50 for
23	each item of personally identifying infor-
24	mation of the consumer, other than an

1	item described in that clause, that was ex-
2	posed to an unauthorized party.
3	(B) Exception.—
4	(i) In general.—Except as provided
5	in clause (ii), in an action commenced
6	under this subsection, a court may not im-
7	pose a civil penalty in an amount that is
8	more than 50 percent of the gross revenue
9	of the covered consumer reporting agency
10	against which the action is brought for the
11	fiscal year before the fiscal year in which
12	the covered consumer reporting agency be-
13	came aware of the covered breach that is
14	the subject of the action.
15	(ii) Penalty doubled.—In an ac-
16	tion commenced under this subsection, the
17	court shall impose a civil penalty on a cov-
18	ered consumer reporting agency in an
19	amount that is 2 times the amount of the
20	penalty described in subparagraph (A), but
21	not greater than 75 percent of the gross
22	revenue of the covered consumer reporting
23	agency for the fiscal year before the fiscal

year in which the covered consumer report-

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1	ing agency became aware of the covered
2	breach that is subject to the action, if—
3	(I) the covered consumer report-
4	ing agency fails to notify the Commis-
5	sion of the covered breach before the
6	deadline established under subsection
7	(a)(1)(A); or
8	(II) the covered consumer report-
9	ing agency violates any requirement
10	described in clause (ii) or (iii) of sec-
11	tion $3(b)(1)(B)$ .
12	(3) Proceeds of the penalties.—Of the
13	penalties imposed under this subsection—
14	(A) 50 percent shall be used for cybersecu-
15	rity research and inspections by the Office; and
16	(B) 50 percent shall be used by the Office
17	to be divided fairly among consumers affected
18	by the covered breach.
19	(4) No preemption.—Nothing in this sub-
20	section shall preclude an action by a consumer under
21	State or other Federal law.
22	(c) Injunctive Relief.—The Commission, acting
23	through the Office, may bring suit in an appropriate dis-
24	trict court of the United States or in the United States
25	court of any territory to require a covered consumer re-

- 1 porting agency to implement or correct a particular secu-
- 2 rity measure in order to promote effective security in ac-
- 3 cordance with the requirements described in clauses (ii)
- 4 and (iii) of section 3(b)(1)(B).
- 5 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 6 There are authorized to be appropriated
- 7 \$100,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available
- 8 until expended.